HRSA programs provide health care to people who are geographically isolated and those who are economically or medically vulnerable. This includes people with HIV/AIDS, pregnant women, mothers and their families, and those otherwise unable to access high quality health care. HRSA also supports access to health care in rural areas, the training of health professionals, the distribution of providers to areas where they are needed most, and improvements in health care delivery.

In addition, HRSA oversees organ, bone marrow, and cord blood donation and transplantation. It compensates individuals harmed by vaccination, and maintains databases that flag providers with a record of health care malpractice, waste, fraud, and abuse for federal, state, and local use.

Nearly 90% of HRSA's budget is awarded through grants and cooperative agreements to approximately 3,000 awardees, including community-based organizations, colleges and universities, hospitals, state, local, and tribal governments, and private entities.

PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

- HRSA has awarded more than $2.5 billion, through grants and other funding mechanisms, in response to the COVID-19 epidemic, including expanding capacity to diagnose and treat COVID-19, increasing access to telehealth, and supporting telehealth services and training for health care providers.
- Since April, HRSA has managed the distribution of the $178 billion Provider Relief Fund (PRF) to eligible health care providers for health care expenses or lost revenue attributable to the COVID-19 outbreak.
- An additional $2 billion is available to reimburse COVID-19 testing of individuals without health care coverage.
- Nearly 30 million people nationwide receive primary medical, dental, and/or behavioral health care from a HRSA-funded health center.
- More than half a million people with diagnosed HIV in the United States receive services through the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program.
- Approximately 88% of Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program clients are virally suppressed in 2019, up from 70% in 2010, and exceeding the most recent national average of 65%.
- More than 17,000 clinicians from the National Health Service Corps and Nurse Corps provide primary care services, including medical, dental, and mental health.
- HRSA workforce grants helped prepare more than 430,000 health profession trainees to practice in primary care, rural, or underserved settings.
- An estimated 60.3 million people benefitted from a Title V service. This includes 92% of all pregnant women, 98% of all infants, and 60% of children, including children with special health care needs.
- Nearly 3.8 million miles in travel for care saved as patients were served by HRSA-supported telehealth networks.
- More than 1,420 counties have received opioid use disorder prevention, treatment, and recovery services through the Rural Communities Opioid Response Program initiative.
- About 154,000 parents and children participate in the Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program.
- Approximately 39,000 organ transplants were performed in the United States, a new all-time high.
- Nearly 6,200 bone marrow and cord blood transplants were performed.
- Of approximately 2.1 million human exposure calls to Poison Control Centers, 66% were treated at the site of exposure.

BUREAUS & OFFICE

HRSA's management and oversight of programs is organized through the following bureaus and office:

- Bureau of Health Workforce
- Healthcare Systems Bureau
- Bureau of Primary Health Care
- HIV/AIDS Bureau
- Federal Office of Rural Health Policy
- Maternal and Child Health Bureau
HRSA FY 2021 APPROPRIATIONS

- **Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program**
  $2.4 billion to fund cities, state, counties, and local community-based organizations to provide HIV primary medical care, medication, and essential support services to people with HIV.

- **Maternal & Child Health**
  $1.4 billion to improve the health of all mothers, children and their families.

- **Rural Health Policy**
  $330 million to promote better health care services in rural America.

- **Healthcare Systems**
  $140 million to provide oversight to the national: 1) organ, bone marrow and cord blood transplant system; 2) poison control centers; 3) Hansen’s disease program; 4) drug discount programs; and 5) injury compensation programs.

- **Primary Health Care**
  $5.7 billion for affordable, accessible, quality, and cost-effective primary health care services.

- **Health Workforce**
  $1.7 billion to educate, train, and connect health care professionals to communities in need.

- **Family Planning**
  $286 million to expand family planning services to individuals in need by improving access to family planning centers and preventive services.

- **Program Management**
  $155 million to support HRSA’s program oversight and operations.

*Administered by the HHS Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health, Office of Population Affairs

For more information visit HRSA’s website.