HRSA programs provide health care to people who are geographically isolated, economically, or medically vulnerable. This includes people living with HIV/AIDS, pregnant women, mothers, and their families, and those otherwise unable to access high quality health care. HRSA also supports access to health care in rural areas, the training of health professionals, the distribution of providers to areas where they are needed most, and improvements in health care delivery.

In addition, HRSA oversees organ, bone marrow, and cord blood donation. It compensates individuals harmed by vaccination, and maintains databases that flag providers with a record of health care malpractice, waste, fraud, and abuse for federal, state, and local use.

Nearly 90% of HRSA’s budget is awarded through grants and cooperative agreements to approximately 3,000 awardees, including community-based organizations, colleges and universities, hospitals, state, local, and tribal governments, and private entities.

**PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS**

- More than 27 million people nationwide receive primary medical, dental, and/or behavioral health care from a HRSA-funded health center.
- More than 50% of people living with diagnosed HIV in the United States receive services through the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program.
- More than 13 million people living in high need areas receive primary medical, dental, or mental health care from a National Health Service Corps or Nurse Corps clinician.
- An estimated 56 million individuals, including pregnant women, infants, children, including children with special health care needs, and their families in the United States: 86% of all pregnant women, 99% of infants, and 55% of children nationwide benefited from a Title V-supported service.
- An average of 750,000 Americans receive direct health services through the Rural Health Care Outreach Services programs annually.
- About 156,000 parents and children participate in the Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program.
- About 34,000 organ transplants and 6,000 bone marrow and cord blood transplants are facilitated annually.
- 86% of Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program clients are virally suppressed, up from 70% in 2010, and exceeding the most recent national average of 60%.
- Approximately 2.2 million human exposure calls are received by the nation’s 55 poison control centers annually.

**BUREAUS & OFFICE**

HRSA’s management and oversight of programs is organized through the following bureaus and office:

- **Bureau of Health Workforce**
- **Healthcare Systems Bureau**
- **Bureau of Primary Health Care**
- **HIV/AIDS Bureau**
- **Federal Office of Rural Health**
- **Maternal and Child Health Bureau**

*Updated December 2018*
Ryan White HIV/AIDS
$2.3 billion to support cities, states, and local community-based organizations to provide care and treatment, medication, and support services to people living with HIV.

Maternal & Child Health
$1.3 billion to improve the health of all mothers, children and their families.

Rural Health Policy
$318 million to promote better health care service in rural America.

Healthcare Systems
$124 million to provide oversight to organ and tissue donation and transplantation systems, poison control, vaccine injury compensation, and drug discount programs.

Primary Health Care
$5.6 billion for affordable, accessible, quality, and cost-effective primary health care services.

Health Workforce
$1.6 billion to educate, train, and connect health care professionals to communities in need.

Family Planning*
$286 million to expand family planning services to individuals in need by improving access to family planning centers and preventive services.

Program Management
$155 million to support HRSA’s program oversight and operations.

* Administered by the HHS Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health, Office of Population Affairs

HRSA FY 2019 Appropriation

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For more information visit: http://www.hrsa.gov

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